



Secure Data Fabric Enabling the Industrie 4.0

INDUSTRY 4.0 IN PRACTICE

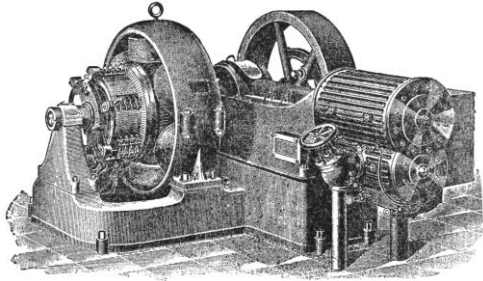
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Cisco Systems Finland

Industrie 4.0 – End of an era for ”thingmakers”

Brief history – “a company that makes products”



Physical product



Smart product



Connected product

Sample from "consumer IoT" side - Polar

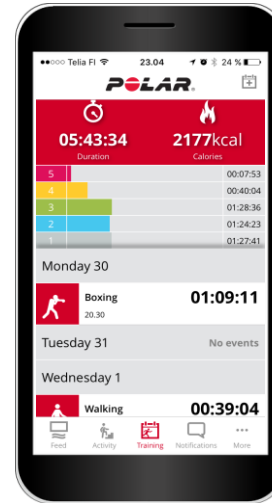
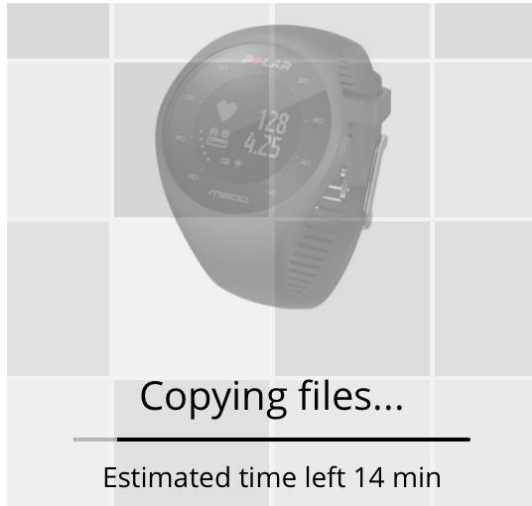


A smart product to begin with... (1982)



...now, much smarter, and maybe even more importantly: connected by default (2017)

How things change for connected products?



Why should you care?



Real-time soil analysis



Yield forecast



Real-time weather information



Remote diagnostics



Machine performance

Sell Harvesters

Revenue at point of sale

Transaction-based engagement

Product-centric



Deliver Services

Recurring revenue

Ongoing engagement

Service-centric

The big picture – what is changing?



How Smart, Connected Products are Transforming Competition

STRATEGY FEATURE by Michael E. Porter and James E. Heppelmann

The new strategic choices every company is facing.

“In many companies, smart, connected products will force the fundamental question,

‘What business am I in?’”

Michael E. Porter and James E. Heppelmann

Bluetooth + smartphone app, just how this relates to Industrie 4.0?

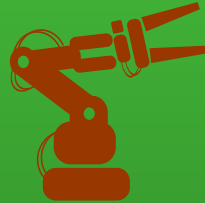
Large things

(more a system of interconnected things in a single location)



Medium-sized things

(a single device or product)



Small to tiny things

(a single sensor or component, typically part of a larger installation)



Example "things": **KONECRANES**[®] Lifting Businesses[™]

Large

- Typically a system of interconnected products



Medium-sized

- A single product, even if relatively large in size
- E.g. a single large overhead crane in a plant (when not part of a larger system)
- Also: service trucks etc.



Small-to-tiny

- Workstation lifting equipment
- Small parts of the larger equipment / systems – something currently unconnected



Connectivity types

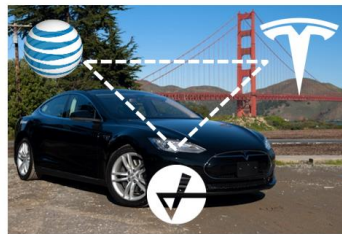
One-to-one

- An individual product connects to the user, the manufacturer, or another product



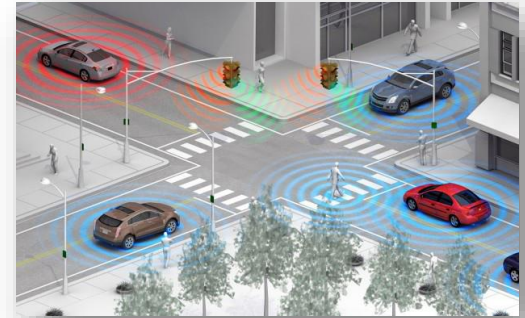
One-to-many

- A central system is continuously or intermittently connected to many products simultaneously



Many-to-many

- Multiple products connect to many other types of products and often also to external data sources

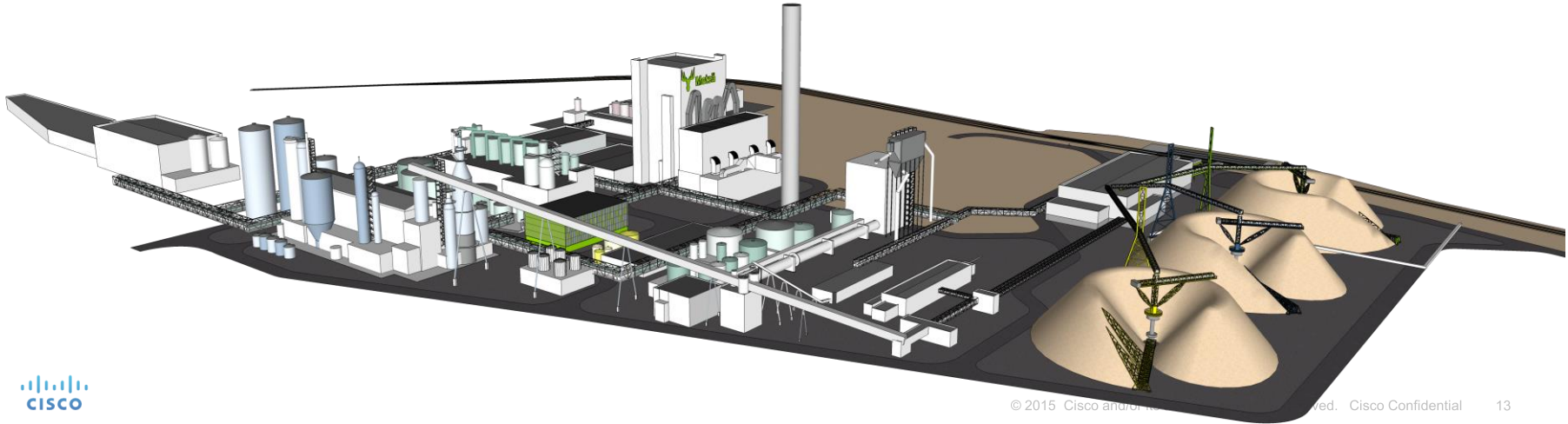




“The era of the static product is over.”

The era of the static product is over – or is it?

- Metsä Group Bioproduct mill – largest forest industry investment in Finland
 - Investment of EUR 1.2 billion, annual pulp production capacity of 1.3 million tonnes (up from 0.5 M tonnes)
- Is their main product a smart or a connected one? Could it be?
- Does it make them bystanders in all of this? (by no means!)
- Could they want a smarter factory for building their product?



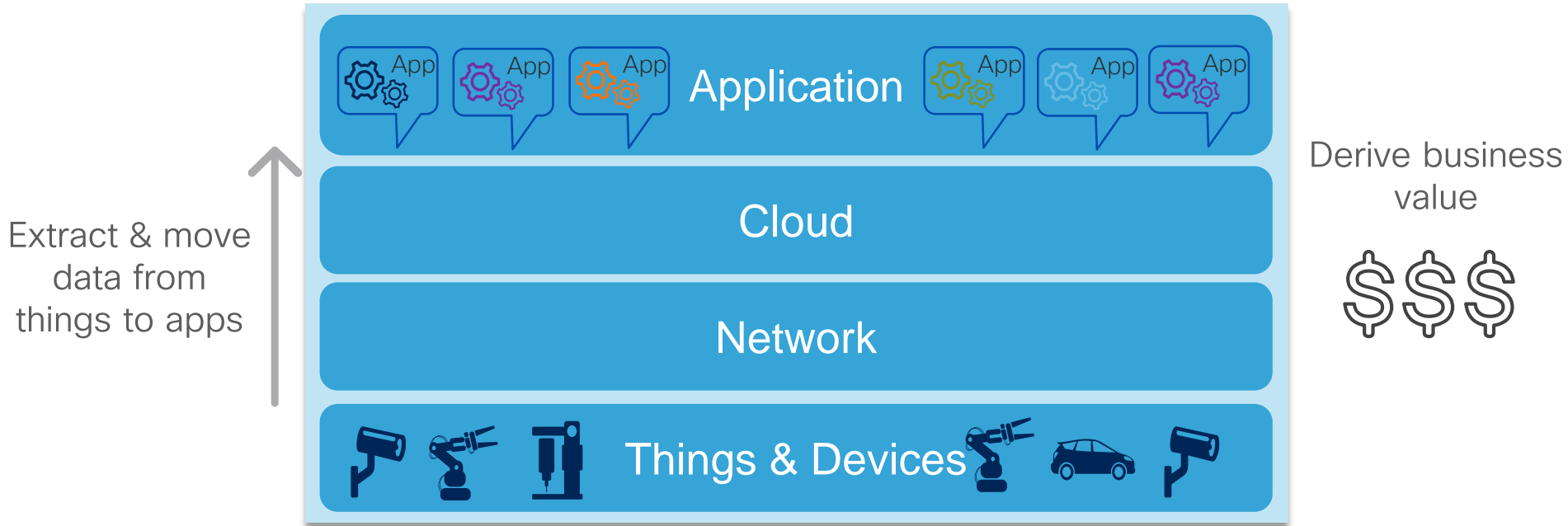


Unlock the Value of Data

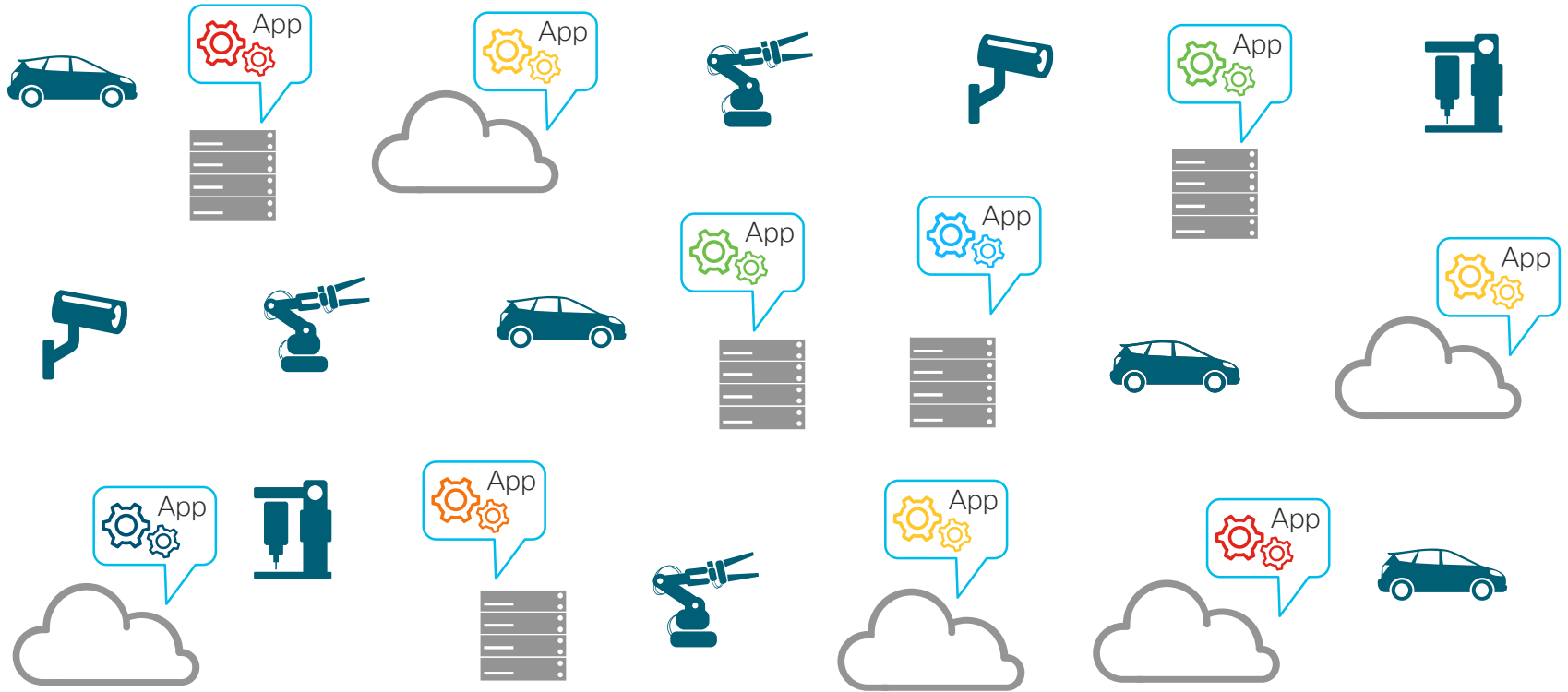
Companies want to
derive value from data

Industrie 4.0 and IoT
exponentially increase
the amount and types of data

To get value from data...



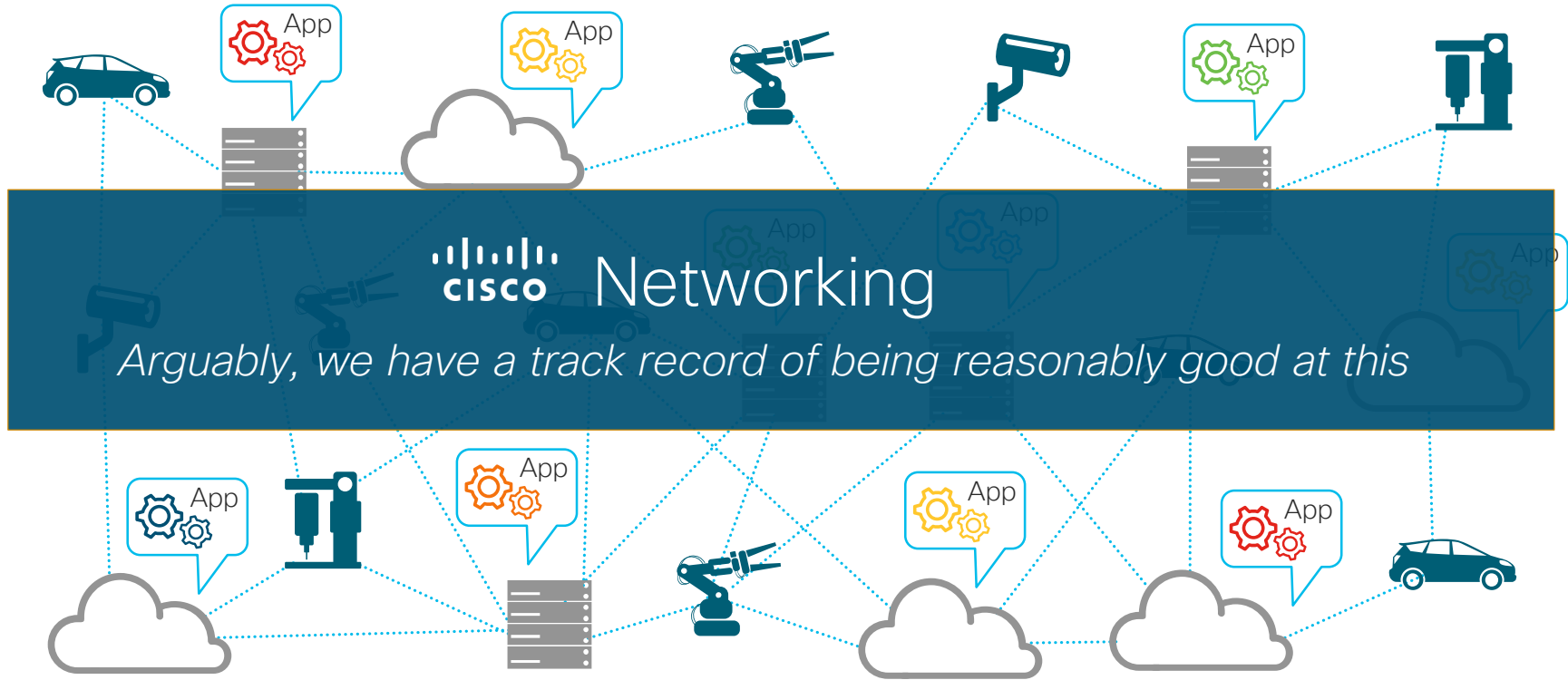
And these things and apps are distributed



Challenges

- ✘ Complexity of connecting, securing and managing diverse devices
- ✘ A lot of data remains locked inside its sources
- ✘ Flexibility to compute data at the edge, data center and/or cloud
- ✘ No programmatic way to move *right data to right apps at right time*
- ✘ No software control to enforce ownership, privacy & security

An IoT network fabric is needed



What else do we need?

The network becomes the PLATFORM



”Best of networking”

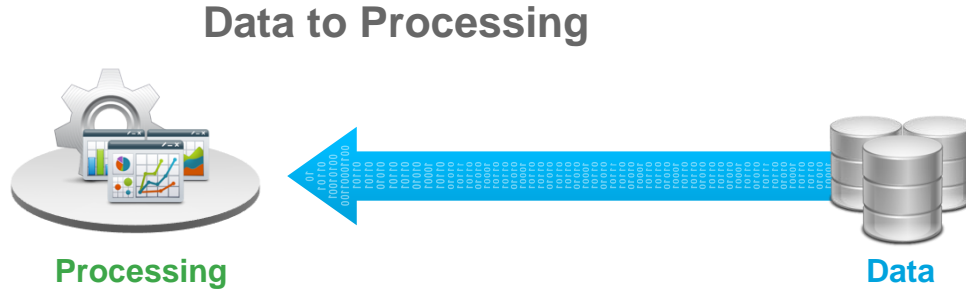
”Best of compute”

A versatile Swiss Army
knife for all IoT needs

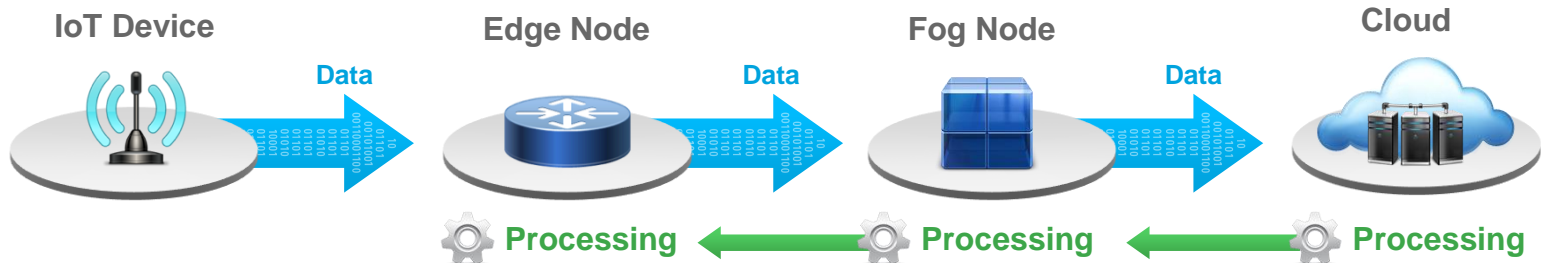
Why This is So Unique

IoT
Computing
is a New
Computing
Paradigm

- Cloud
- Big Data
- Analytics
- Applications



Processing to Data



But challenges remain...

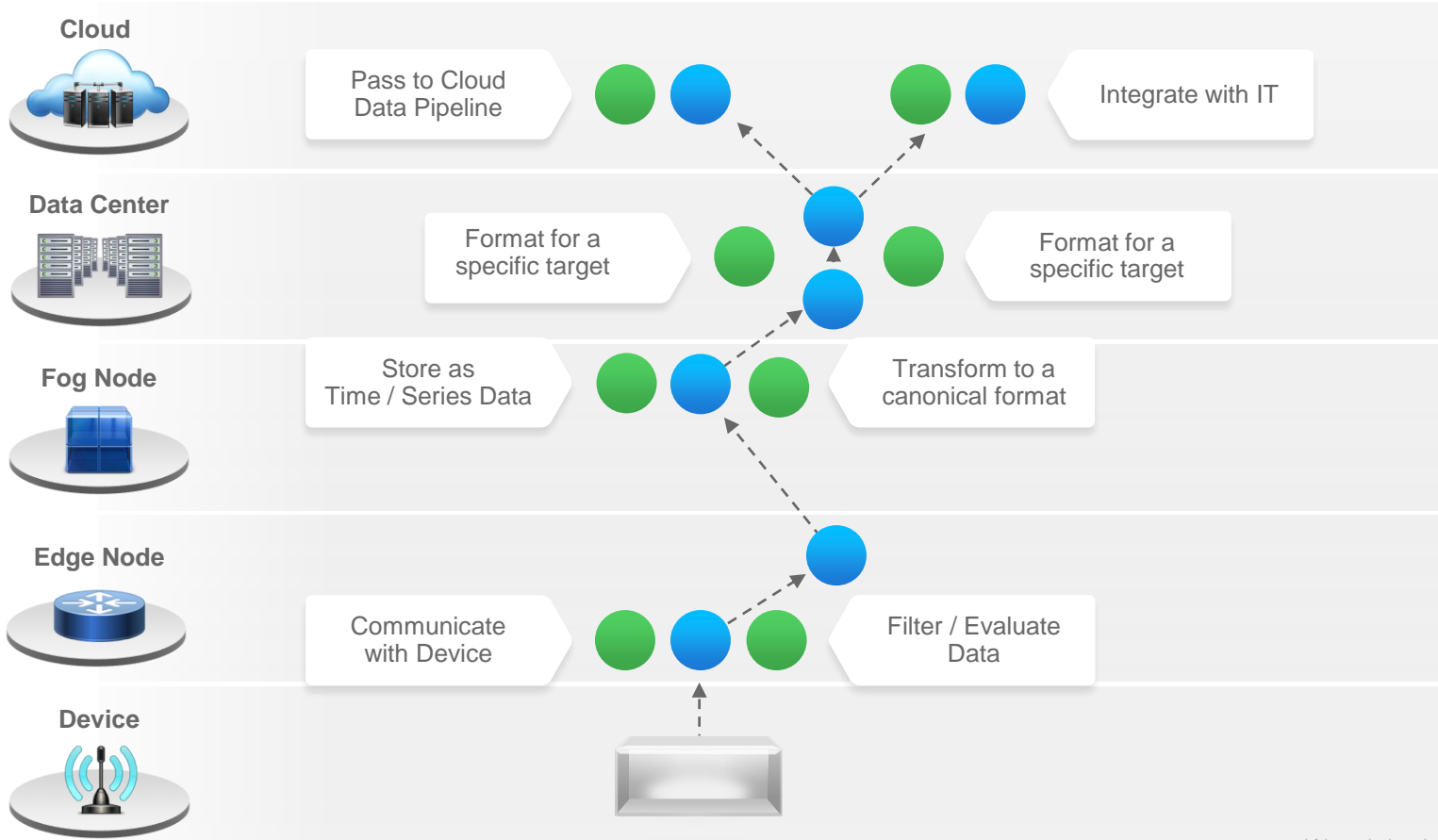
- ✓ Complexity of connecting, securing and managing a set of diverse devices
- ✓ Flexibility to compute data at the edge, data center and/or cloud
- ✗ A lot of data remains locked inside its sources
- ✗ No programmatic way to move the *right data* to the *right apps* at the *right time*
- ✗ No software control to enforce ownership, privacy and security

IoT Network Fabric

IoT Data Fabric
is needed

Secure Data Fabric

5
4
3
2
1

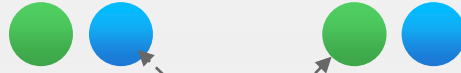


5



Cloud

Pass to Cloud Data Pipeline



Integrate with IT

4



Data Center

Format for a specific target



Format for a specific target

3



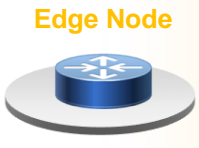
Fog Node

Store as Time / Series Data



Transform to a canonical format

2



Edge Node

Communicate with Device



Filter / Evaluate Data

1

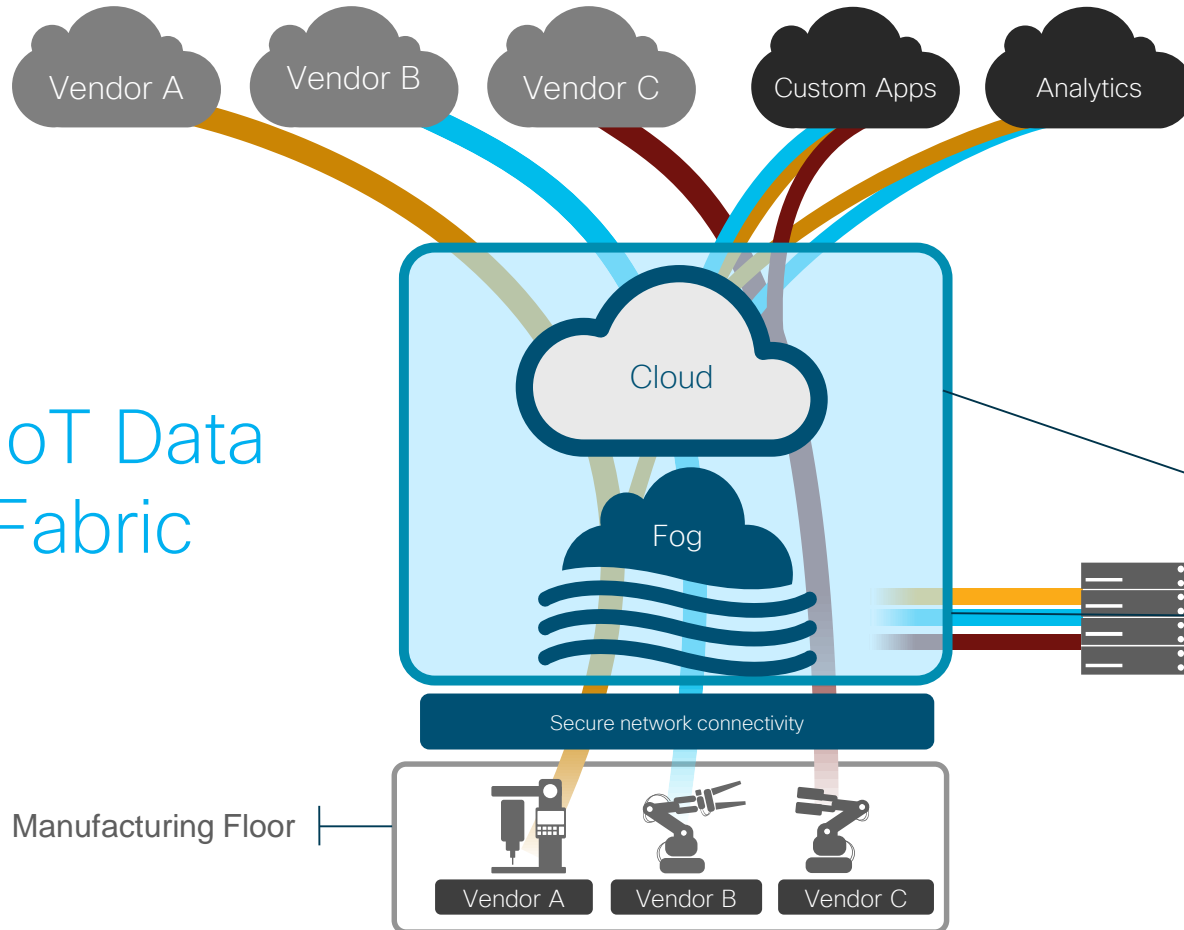


Device





IoT Data Fabric



Manufacturing Floor

Cloud

Fog

Secure network connectivity

Vendor A

Vendor B

Vendor C

Vendor A

Vendor B

Vendor C

Custom Apps

Analytics

Visualization

Policy-based control

Classes of Data

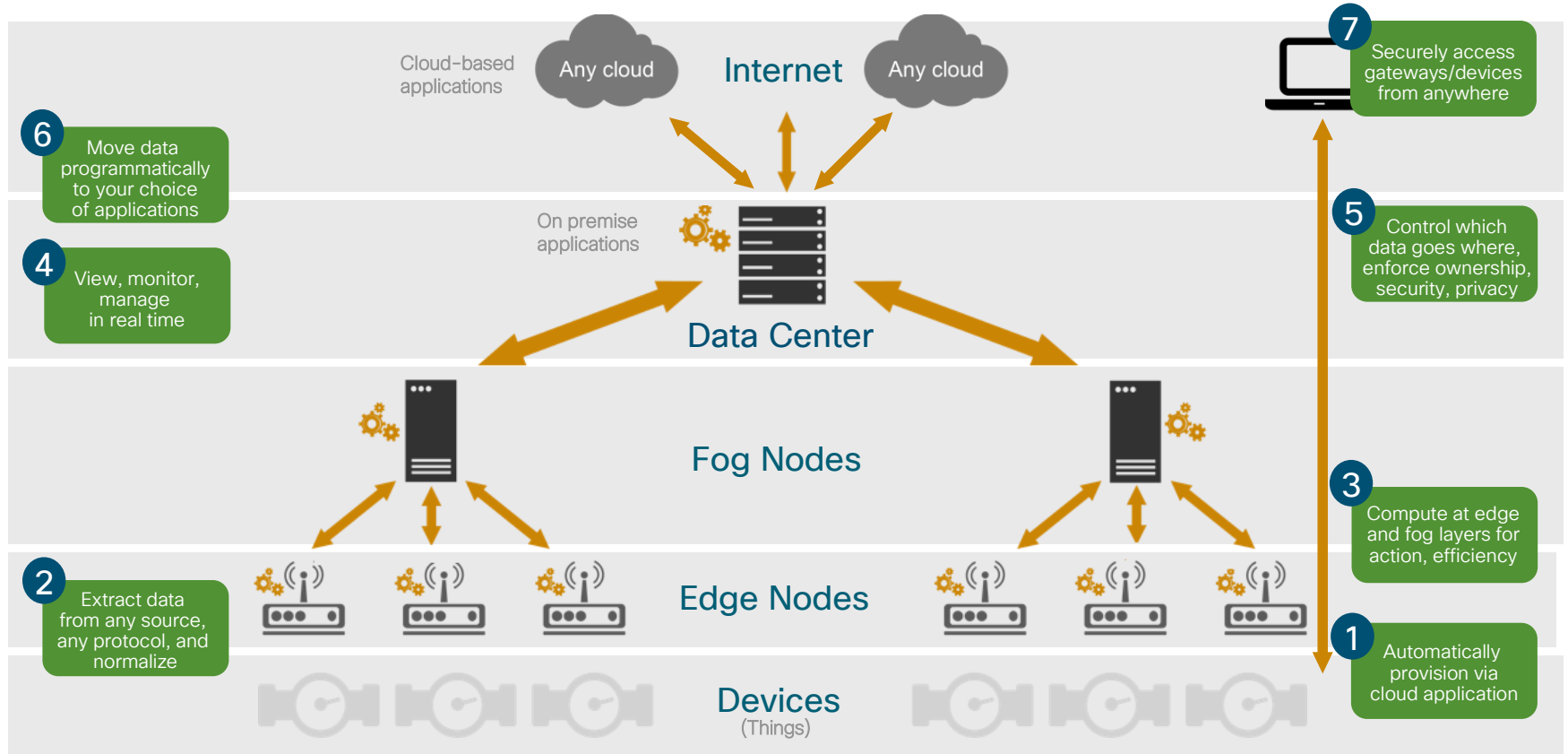
Simple analytics, rules

Filter, Transform, Compress,
and Store and Forward

Protocol Adapters and
Drivers

Transport choice

How can you use the IoT Data Fabric?



How can you use the IoT Data Fabric?

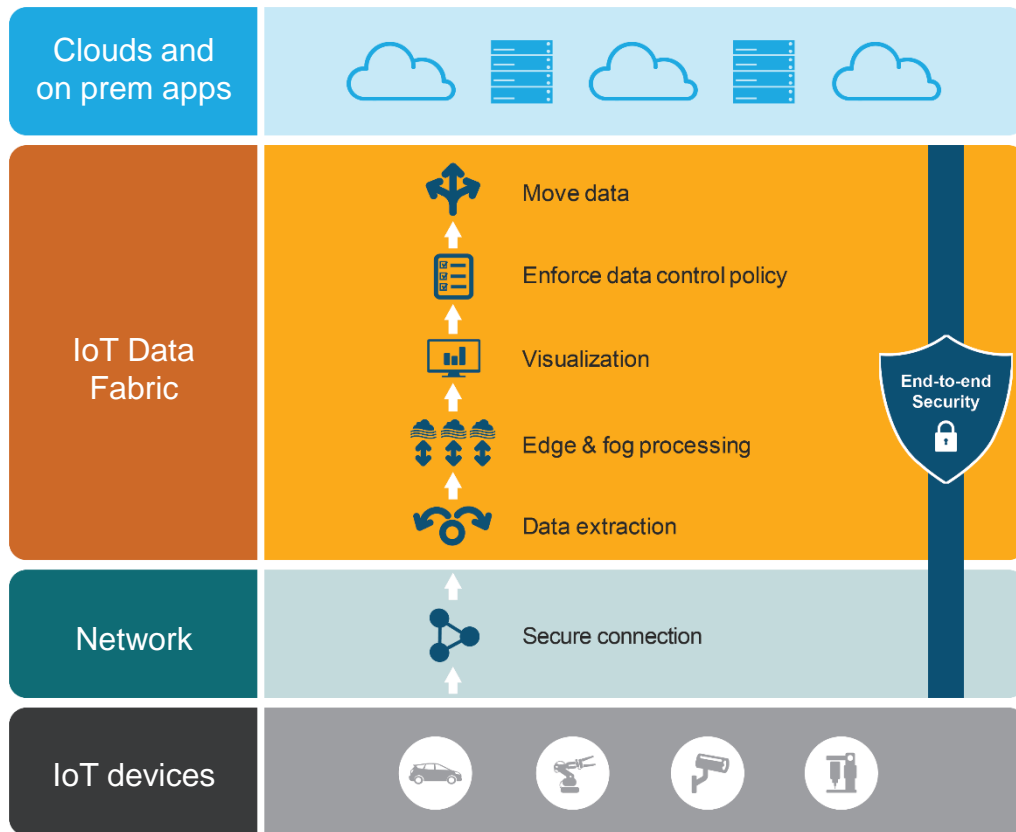
Move

Compute

Extract

Connect

Between Things and Clouds - The IoT Data Fabric



Are we stepping outside
our comfort zone?

We've built the network to connect these:

Application

Cloud

Network

Things & Devices



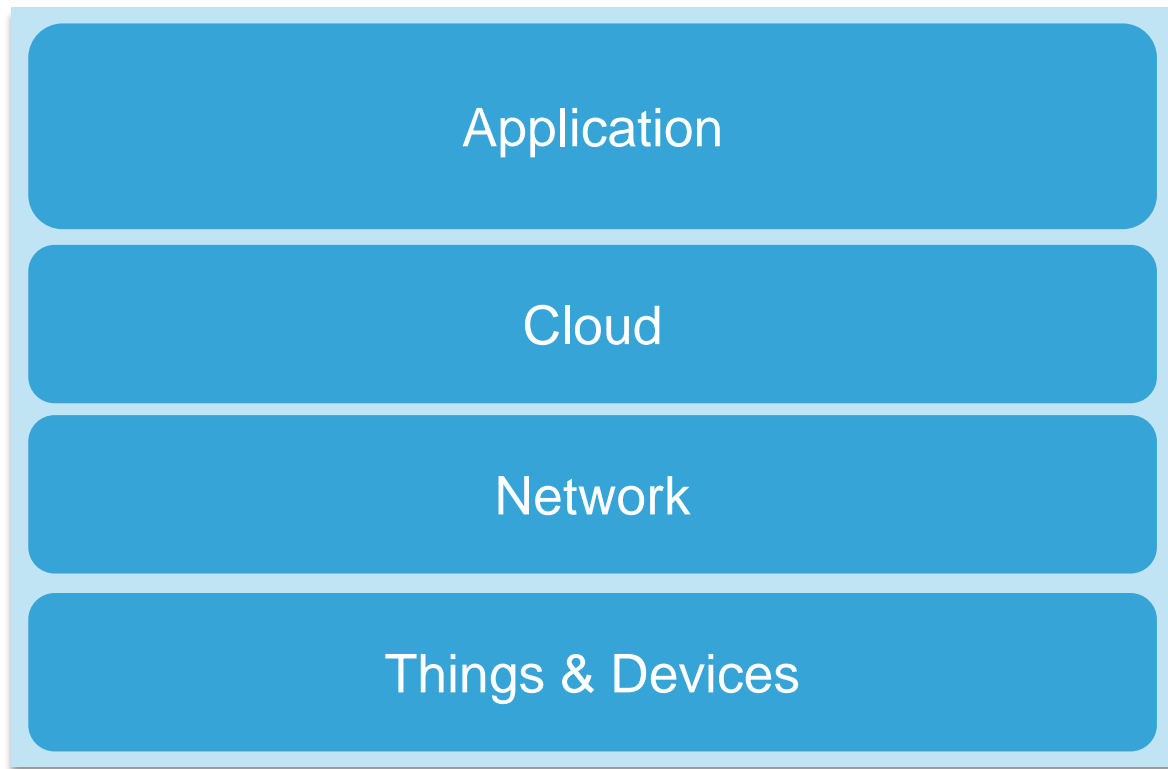
The Internet of Things connects... well, things



Network as the platform

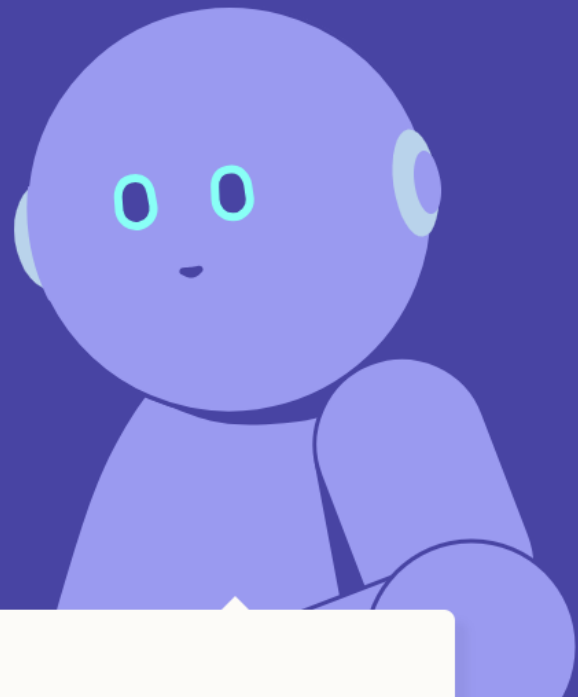


And our perspective is just a part of the equation



Welcome to the Elements of artificial intelligence free online course

Start the course



- Do you wonder what AI really means?
- Are you thinking about the kind of impact AI might have on your job or life?
- Do you want to understand how AI will develop and affect us in the coming years?

Then this is the course for you!

Reaktor



UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI



Thank you!

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